## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

- 1. (currently amended) An adenoviral vector that mediates increased gene delivery *in vivo* comprising:
- (i) a targeting component that targets said vector to specific target cells, wherein said targeting component comprises a bi-specific molecule that binds to the knob protein of said adenoviral vector and an angiotensin converting enzyme molecule expressed on said target cells; and
- (ii) a tissue-specific promoter that drives the expression of a transgene carried by said vector in said target cells, wherein said adenoviral vector mediates increased gene delivery to said target cells and reduces transgene expression in non-target cells as compared to adenoviral vector without said targeting component and said tissue-specific promoter.
  - 2. (canceled)
- 3. (currently amended) The adenoviral vector of claim 1 [[2]], wherein said bi-specific molecule is a bi-specific antibody conjugate

linking a Fab fragment of an anti-Ad5 knob antibody with an antiangiotensin converting enzyme antibody.

- 4. (original) The adenoviral vector of claim 3, wherein said anti-Ad5 knob antibody is 1D6.14 and said anti-angiotensin converting enzyme antibody is 9B9.
- 5. (currently amended) The adenoviral vector of claim 4, wherein said tissue-specific promoter is selected from the group consisting of vascular endothelial growth factor type 1 receptor promoter, ICAM-2 promoter, vonWillebrand factor promoter and VEGF receptor promoter.
- 6. (original) The adenoviral vector of claim 5, wherein said target cells are pulmonary endothelial cells.
- 7. (currently amended) A method of gene delivery by adenoviral vector, comprising the step of:

contacting target cells with an adenoviral vector comprising (i) a targeting component that targets said vector to specific target cells, wherein said targeting component comprises a

bi-specific molecule that binds to the knob protein of said adenoviral vector and an angiotensin converting enzyme molecule expressed on said target cells, and (ii) a tissue-specific promoter that drives the expression of a transgene carried by said vector in said target cells, wherein said adenoviral vector has increased targeting specificity to said target cells and results in reduced transgene expression in non-target cells as compared to adenoviral vector without said targeting component and said tissue-specific promoter.

## 8. (canceled)

- 9. (currently amended) The method of claim *Z* [[8]], wherein said bi-specific molecule is a bi-specific antibody conjugate linking a Fab fragment of an anti-Ad5 knob antibody with an anti-angiotensin converting enzyme antibody.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein said anti-Ad5 knob antibody is 1D6.14 and said anti-angiotensin converting enzyme antibody is 9B9.

- 11. (currently amended) The method of claim 10, wherein the tissue-specific promoter of said adenoviral vector is selected from the group consisting of vascular endothelial growth factor type 1 receptor promoter, ICAM-2 promoter, vonWillebrand factor promoter and VEGF receptor promoter.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the target cells are pulmonary endothelial cells.